Our study found that statins, in addition to conventional venous thromboembolic pharmacologic therapy, significantly reduced the event of VTE in the post-operative period for patients undergoing elective total hip and knee replacements,” said Philadelphia-based orthopaedic surgeon and lead study author Katharine T. Criner, MD. “The relative risk of VTE with use of statins was reduced by 48 percent.
Statins not only have lipid-lowering effects, but anti-inflammatory effects that may account for their ability to decrease the development of VTE.”

# # #

Study abstract

View disclosure statement for Dr. Criner.

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